







General Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review

Summary Report

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Overview

This document provides a pan-Grampian overview of the current, general adult mental health secondary care pathway. This includes process and governance mapping as well as recommendations and delivery plan for improvement to this pathway. The recommendations will support the implementation of actions outlined in the Scottish Government Mental Health & Wellbeing Strategy: Delivery Plan 2023 - 2025.

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Introduction

The Chief Officers of Aberdeen City, Aberdeenshire and Moray Health and Social Care Partnerships were asked to carry out a review of the General Adult Mental Health (AMH) Secondary Care pathway.

The review intended to find any opportunities to improve outcomes for residents, improve efficiency and strengthen governance, within the pathway. Options to redesign the pathway were discussed within the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Steering Group and its key recommendations are outlined within this report.

It is important to acknowledge that this review sits within a landscape of varying strategies and initiatives, it is not an isolated activity. The recommendations and actions outlined within this report may link to other activities taking place locally and nationally e.g. the Barron Report therefore, the actions of this review will be considered holistically.

There are many teams and services in Adult Mental Health, but this review looked at the Secondary Care Pathway, which included:

- Unscheduled Care including the Flow Team
- General Adult Mental Health Liaison Psychiatry
- Adult Mental Health Inpatient Wards
- Intensive Psychiatric Care Unit (IPCU)
- Community Adult Mental Health Teams (CMHTs)
- Social Work

Process and governance maps for each of these areas were produced. These maps are visual diagrams of how patients' access, move through and leave this pathway. As well as who is responsible for making decisions about the pathway and its population.

The Scottish Mental Health and Wellbeing Strategy: Delivery Plan 2023 - 2025 was published in June 2023. This strategy tells us about the long-term vision and approach to improving the mental health and wellbeing of everyone in Scotland. This review and any recommendations for improvement will allow for better delivery of the Scottish Mental Health and Wellbeing Strategy.

Stakeholder Involvement

There were several different ways stakeholders were involved in this review:

- Joining the Steering Group of key stakeholders who were responsible for reviewing the findings of the review and informing the recommendations and 2024/25 delivery plan.
- Joining a subgroup for Lived Experience; sharing research of recent engagement or supporting the development of inpatient and outpatient engagement, to capture lived experience of this pathway.
- Meeting with members of the project team to help them understand a service or how its team works, so a process map can be created.
- Completing a Service Information Form to help the project team understand more about the service or team and how it functions.
- Participating in workshops to deepen the project team's understanding of shared experiences/issues/opportunities across the pathway.
- Receiving regular updates about the progress of the review and providing feedback on findings as and when it was needed.

Stakeholders were kept informed of the progress of this review through a singular SharePoint communication point, monthly newsletter, 1-2-1 or team meetings, as well as at, monthly General Adult Mental Health (AMH) Secondary Care Pathway Steering Group meetings.

Lived Experience of Secondary Care Pathway

Individuals with Lived Experience added to this review in several ways.

- By participating in the review's Lived Experience subgroup and sharing how best to involve more Lived Experienced individuals in this review.
- Through a survey which asked a series of questions relating to an
 individual's experience accessing and using mental health secondary care
 pathways. This survey was carried out using Citizen Space, an Aberdeen
 City Council online consultation tool, and was promoted through the
 Steering Group and other key stakeholders.
- Through participation in the Royal Cornhill Hospital's Mental Health
 Inpatient Survey for Quarter 4 in 2023. As a recent review of inpatient
 experiences this provided valuable insight to the experiences of those
 residing in hospital.

Individuals who have contributed to this review with their lived experience, and who have requested they be provided with the outcome of this review and kept up to date with its next steps, will be provided with a copy of this Summary Report once all appropriate governance steps have been completed.

Main Points

The following are the summary points gathered from this review and across the range of research and data collected as part of this work including the recommendations to move this work forward:

- Each Health & Social Care Partnership and the services in those
 Partnerships, within the scope of this review, have associated process
 maps and Service Information forms. Process maps can be viewed in
 General Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review Appendices

 Appendices A M.
- Each Health & Social Care Partnership has outlined its Governance
 Structure and how these are connected. These can be viewed in General
 Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review Appendices –
 Appendix O: MHLD Grampian Governance Pathways.
- 3. The themes arising as <u>problems or issues</u> within the secondary care pathway are lack of recruitment and/or poor staff retention, poor communication/change management, partner/service relationships, lack of funding, lack of clear processes and resource limitations.
- 4. The review has identified 40 actions ('How Might We' statements) which are both directly and indirectly impacting the AMH secondary care pathway; as shared by stakeholders (staff, partners, lived experience). These can be viewed in General Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review Appendices Appendix N: Problem Statements/How Might We Statements.
- 5. The themes arising as problems or improvement opportunities from the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care pathway survey, and Royal Cornhill Hospital's Mental Health Inpatient Survey for Quarter 4 in 2023, were related to staff, access to support, service delivery, moving on/reviewing treatment, and how staff, services and patients work together. These can be seen in Adult Mental Health Lived Experience Engagement
- 6. Feedback on the AMH governance suggests that staff want more clarity on it (i.e. role and purpose of groups/ boards), across the system, as well as policies and strategies. Most staff understand the governance impacting their own service but not necessarily where that governance sits within the

- wider system. The governance pathway is complex when viewed across the system (HSCPs & Portfolio Board level). This can be viewed in General Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review Appendices Appendix O: MHLD Grampian Governance Pathways.
- 7. There is a risk to undertaking this work, largely relating to resource availability, and competing workstreams. The MHLD Portfolio Board is currently undertaking an evaluation of itself and maintains pressing priorities for 2024/2025. Across MHLD, services are struggling with capacity because of the necessary work around 24 national strategies, specifications, and standards.
- 8. The review itself was requested through the Chief Officers from the North East Partnership Steering Group (NEPSG). As this review wasn't initiated through staff, there were challenges keeping stakeholders engaged and/or actively involved. Changes to communication and approach were made to support the involvement of stakeholders but this largely persisted throughout the review. There is the risk that key information and problems have been missed in this review due to how stakeholders participated in this work i.e. it was not necessarily work stakeholders would have chosen as a priority.

Recommendations

General Actions:

- Initial steps to implement the April 2024 March 2025 Delivery Plan outlined below begin as of 1st April 2024.
- The General AMH Secondary Care Pathway Review is taken as an update to the Aberdeen City, Aberdeenshire, and Moray Health & Social Care Partnerships' IJBs in May 2024.
- The final Summary Report is shared with contributing Lived Experience by June 2024 i.e., those who contributed to the Lived Experience Survey who have requested follow-up.

April 2024 – March 2025 Delivery Plan:

- The actions identified within this review will fall under five workstreams which are cognisant with the Mental Health Core Standards; Access, Workforce, Moving Between and Out of Services; Governance & Accountability, and Assessment, Care Planning, Treatment & Support.
- 2. The 40 actions have been initially prioritised by:
 - a. Stakeholders, as part of the review's workshops
 - b. By using the How, Wow & Now Matrix as a tool, and the complexity of the action as a guide, to help prioritise actions
 - c. By understanding which actions are likely to be met within an existing or upcoming project or workstream.
- The above workstreams will be undertaken as Task and Finish Working Groups which will be established by June 2024.
- 4. A workshop will be developed and delivered by each Task and Finish Working Group by September 2024. The purpose of the workshop will be:
 - a. To allow the Task and Finish Working Groups to make a more informed decision on the priority of each action within their workstream.

- b. For each Task and Finish Working Group to identify actions it would consider 'Business As Usual' (BAU) and to pass these actions back, to be embedded, in services.
- c. For each Task and Finish Working Group to identify which actions it would consider pan-Grampian or local.
- d. Of the remaining, and prioritised actions, for each Task and Finish Working Group to develop how these actions will be achieved.
- e. For each Task and Finish Working Group to provide an update through the agreed governance structure on the outcomes of the Task and Deliver Workshop by September 2024.
- Any changes to be implemented as agreed within these workshops are to be delivered by March 2025 or beyond if this is need is specifically identified.
- 6. These actions will be considered in line with priority activities identified by the MHLD Portfolio Board. Therefore, the above workstreams should be managed as a programme under the MHLD Portfolio Board as outlined in General Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review Appendices - Appendix N: MHLD Grampian Governance Pathways, Cross System Strategic Delivery Team pathway.
- 7. The RACI model to be applied across all actions are:
 - a. Responsible: Cross System Strategic Delivery Team
 - b. Accountable: MHLD Portfolio Board
 - c. Consulted: Frontline Teams, Lived Experience, Public, Partners
 - d. Informed: Frontline Teams, Lived Experience, Public, Partners

A <u>Delivery Plan</u> has been outlined below which will provide an 'at a glance' view of:

- All actions to the undertaken
- The workstream each action corresponds to
- Actions considered a priority.
- Actions that may be delivered through other projects/ workstreams

Delivery Plan

Adult Mental Health Secondary Care: Workstreams								
Access	Assessment, Planning, Treated And Support		Moving Bet Out Of Serv		Workfo	rce		overnance And countability
Improving access a understanding of services available across Grampian. Developing consistency of approach and clear processes. Enabling Themes	nd Build capacity with services and processes to enable person centred approaches to care from prevention and		approach to person centred care, supporting the movement between and from services in a to right care, right time,		workforce which is supported to provide safe, high-quality person-centred care and provided with opportunities for		go wh and accessed	tablish and comote clear vernance routes lich are accessible d promote countability within rvice delivery and sign.
Relationships	Funding	Recruit	tment &	Communica Change	tion/	Resources		Processes
This primarily focused on the relationship between Primary and Secondary care services; and the difficulty for patients to access services in either primary or secondary care based on where the patient's referral was initially made and what criteria is being met.	This primarily focused on the use of locums and the impact this has on staff morale i.e. pay differences; as well as the pause on project funding and the difference in primary and secondary care funding.	This print on the many work about staff should ability to retain state of not had nurses, retireme of expersignifica MHO state inconsist patient/s	narily focused norale of staff, sorption due to ortages and the recruit and to aff. The impact aving enough consultants, nt and the loss ience or nt roles e.g.	This primarily fon the need for improved communication primary and secare. It also his that a lot of state unaware of the governance strong MH and its most rategies (that strategies are in the lack of clawhat programm work is taking across Grampi should have Gwide input.	n between econdary ghlighted off are ecructures relevant t not clear). rity about ne/project place	This primarily focuse on the tools to provid services and support e.g. supported accommodation, service provision (sedirected support packages). It also looked at the inability better share or access information across partner services to a patients. It also highlighted the incresin referrals and diagnosis in specific areas e.g. autism spectrum disorder.	de t, elf- y to ss id	This primarily focused on the lack of clear process mapping, clinical pathways, operational policies and referring across areas.

Workstream Actions	Workstream Actions			
Access	Assessment, Care Planning, Treatment And Support	Moving Between And Out Of Services	Governance and Accountability	Workforce
Bring consistency to CMHT working, incorporating AMH, Older Adult (OA) MH and LD, across Grampian.	Assess our care planning process, to incorporate likely patient escalations/ crisis.	Ensure patients are only discharged because they are ready, they have met their milestones and because an appropriate community care plan is in place.	Make better preparations, when forecasting suggests impending issues or a significant increase in MH diagnoses and any related co-morbidities impacting patients.	Moving between our inhouse MH training opportunities to support continuous learning in the workplace.
Improve public understanding of MH services.	Build on existing preventative/ proactive activities to ensure MH care, and support for impacting social issues, can be provided at the earliest opportunity.	Discover what issues are arising in relation to the duty doctor system.	Explore alternative models of practice.	Safeguard time within MH clinical roles, to ensure that any teaching requirements they have, can be met appropriately and without risk to patient care.
Expand or change how we support individuals experiencing MH distress, so their MH condition/ distress does not worsen during periods of wait.	Build capacity into secondary care teams, to be able to follow up with their patients in their community.	Improve the process, for assessing patients at acute sites.	Identify processes or activities, which require Grampian-wide alignment, to ensure patient experiences are consistent.	Minimise the use of, or more effectively make use of, locum medical support to ease the funding pressure.
Reduce wait times to access secondary care services.	Carry out MH assessment within Emergency Department, to improve patient experiences when also presenting with MH issues.	Identify patients impacted by delayed discharge, and the challenges relating to their discharge.	Determine a suitable process, which would allow for primary/secondary care, to refer to third sector organisations.	Improve relationships and communication between fellow secondary care services/ teams and primary care.
Patients have clear and easy access to necessary MH services/support, regardless of where their MH care originated.	Provide access to important patient information, out of hours for key decision makers.	Understand the challenges regarding IPCU interface with AMH.	Review MH strategies, which outline the current situation for MH services and what needs to be done to deliver improvements to these services.	Build interest in, or develop our MH vocations, to develop a quality recruitment pool, on which to build the MH workforce.

Provide easy access, either physically or digitally, to appropriate community resources for patients who could live independently.	Identify the necessary maintenance and changes required to the IPCU.	Understand the challenges regarding the transfer of IPCU patients out of area	Improve the documentation of clinical pathways.	Provide quality support and care to staff, to ensure they feel heard and valued.
Understand the demand for hospital care, treatment, and rehabilitation.	Understand the challenges regarding access to AHP for IPCU patients.	Improve the process, together with [transportation services], for transporting patients to RCH for assessment/ admission.	Clarify the governance structures across Grampian.	Induct locum consultants, to geographical areas they are unfamiliar with, to help build strong peer relationships and maintain a high standard of patient care.
Fair access to in-demand MH services, across Grampian.			Implement a consistent discharge process that is visible and clear to all staff.	
Participate in national discussions regarding forensic pathways for females.				

Action identified as a priority.

Action will be met through an existing or upcoming project/ workstream.

Project Delivery

The General Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway review began in July 2023. The aim of this review was to identify improvements within the secondary care pathway of adult general mental health which would lead to better patient and service outcomes, improve efficiency, and streamline governance.

Systems Mapping

A systems mapping exercise was undertaken by a subgroup of the review's Steering Group early in the review. The aim of this activity was to create a whole system map, across the Grampian AMH Secondary Care services. This map was then shared with all stakeholders of the AMH review to help bring clarity to those participating in the review, about what parts of the pathway would be explored.

The map shows:

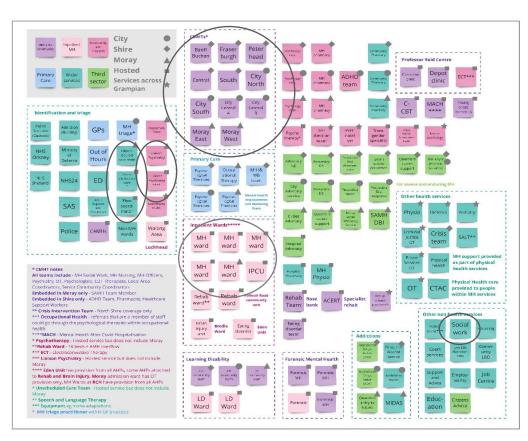
- The AMH secondary care services that exist in each area i.e., Aberdeen
 City, Aberdeenshire, and Moray, including Hosted services.
- The AMH secondary care services that are part of the pathway review.
- The scale of the review, and that this was only part of a wider AMH secondary care pathway.
- The other services which impact on those within the scope of the review and/or the secondary care pathway itself.

The services within the scope of this review were identified as:

Service/Team	No. of Teams	Location	
Unscheduled	2	1 x Royal Cornhill Hospital	Aberdeen City &
Care			Aberdeenshire
		1 x Dr Gray's Hospital	Moray
Flow	1	Royal Cornhill Hospital	
Coordinator			
Adult Liaison	2	1 x Royal Cornhill Hospital	Aberdeen City &
Psychiatry			Aberdeenshire
		1 x Dr Gray's Hospital	Moray

CMHTs	9	1 x Aberdeen City South	Aberdeen City
0		•	-
		1 x Aberdeen City North	Aberdeen City
		1 x Aberdeen City Central A	Aberdeen City
		1 x Aberdeen City Central B	Aberdeen City
		1 x Aberdeenshire Central	Aberdeenshire
		1 x Aberdeenshire South	Aberdeenshire
		1 x Aberdeenshire North	Aberdeenshire
		2 x Moray	Moray
Adult Mental	5	4 x Royal Cornhill Hospital	Aberdeen City &
Health Inpatient			Aberdeenshire
Wards		1 x Dr Gray's Hospital	Moray
Intensive	1	Royal Cornhill Hospital	Hosted service
Psychiatric			
Care Unit			
(IPCU)			
Adult Mental	2	1 x Aberdeen City	Aberdeen City
Health Social		1 x Moray	Aberdeenshire
Work			Moray

Grampian-wide Systems Map



Further Mapping Workshops

The review progressed to the completion of Service Information Forms for each of the services within the scope of this review. The Service Information Form aimed to capture:

- Information about the individual completing the form.
- Simple information about the service i.e. operating hours, primary users.
- Purpose of the Service
- Funding/Budget
- Information Sharing
- Governance
- Additional Information including challenges the service is experiencing currently, and/or issues it experiences within the wider secondary care pathway. Information gathered here informed future workshops and the problem statements/'How Might We' statements outlined in General Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review Appendices – Appendix N: Problem Statements/How Might We Statements.

Where it was identified within the Service Information Form that a service had no process map, one was developed. In addition to capturing how a patient may access, move through, and leave the service the process maps may also identify:

- A stage or role within the process when there is significant information flow.
- A stage within the process that is manual.
- Stages within the process where there is a current limit in resources.

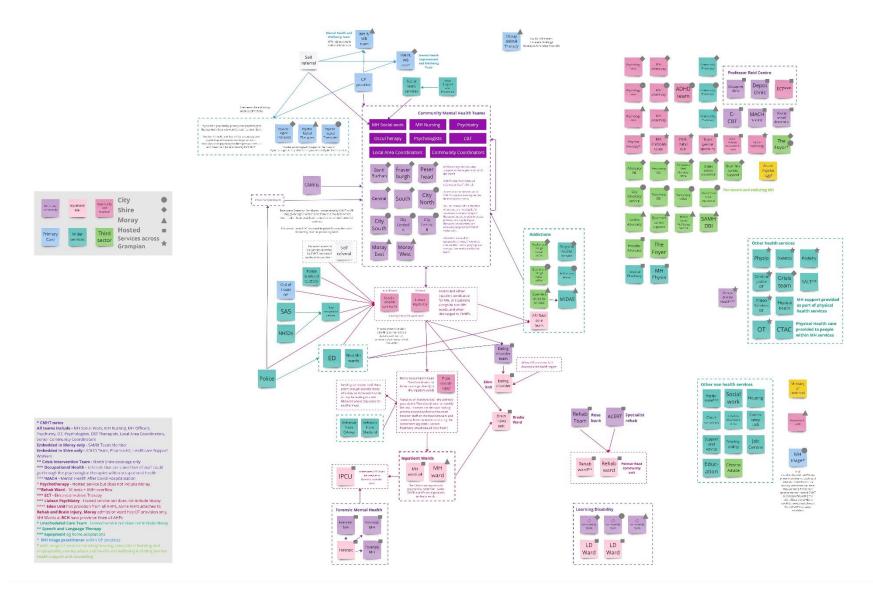
During this time, another workshop was undertaken to add detail to the flow of information between secondary care services. This exercise echoed what was captured within the service process maps regarding information flow:

Team/Role	Information Flow

Unscheduled Care	Significant in relation to	Information is received from:
	triage, assessment, and	
	admission	Out of Hour GPs
	Unscheduled Care: Band	Police Scotland: Custody
	7	Police Scotland (via
	Flow Coordinator	Emergency Department
		Emergency Department
		Non-Mental Health Wards
		Scottish Ambulance
		Service
		• NHS24
		Self-Referrals
		• CMHTs
Community Mental	Significant in relation to	Information is received from:
Health Teams	triage and assessment:	
		Unscheduled Care
	O a del Maria Tarana	Social Work
	Social Work Team	• CAMHs
	Manager (Abardaanahira)	Self-Referrals
	(Aberdeenshire)	GP Practices
	Consultants (Urgent Deferrals)	Police Scotland
	Referrals)	Referrals within the CMHT
	CMHT Team (weekly referral meetings)	 Additions (ADA Quarriers,
	referral meetings)	ARI D & A Team)
AMH Inpatient	Significant in relation to	Information is received from:
Wards	assessment and	
	admission:	Consultants (meeting
		patients at outpatient clinic)
	Inpatient Ward	CPN (meeting patients at
	Consultants	outpatient clinic)
		Unscheduled Care
		Adult Liaison Psychiatry

Adult Liaison	Significant in relation to	Information is received from:
Psychiatry	triage, assessment, and	
	admission	Inpatient Wards
		Emergency Department s
	 Practitioners 	Secondary care clinicians
	Nurse Practitioner	for outpatients
	Service (Moray)	
IPCU	Significant in relation to	Information is received from:
	triage, assessment, and	A 1 1/ A 4 1 1 1 1/1
	admission	Adult Mental Health
		Services in Grampian
	IPCU Team	Other specialist mental
	(assessment)	health services in Grampian
	 Consultants 	Out of area IPCUs for
		Grampian Patients
		The local forensic service
		via the courts, PF, prison,
		out of area secure
		placements for the female
		forensic population.
Social Work	Significant in relation to	Information is received from:
	triage and assessment.	
		• GPs
	Mental Health Officers	Self-Referrals
	(detainment)	Adult Support & Protection
	Adult Social Work	Access Team
	team member	AHP: Self Directed Support
	(assessment)	Consultant in clinic
	AMH Social Work	• CMHT
	team member	Police Scotland
	(assessment)	Police Concern Report
		Another Local Authority

Flow of Information Map



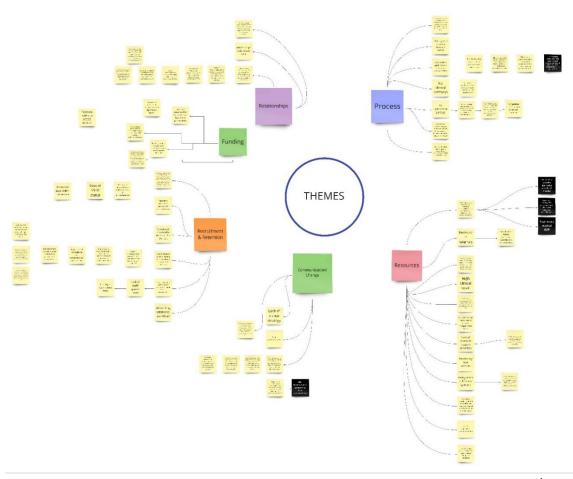
Problem Statements/ How Might We Statements

As part of the Service Information Form completion, and process map development, services identified problems/issues impacting them or how the service was being impacted within the wider secondary care pathway. These initial problems/issues framed a workshop, where stakeholders provided further detail on these problems/issues or identified other problems/issues they wanted to capture. Six themes emerged from the Problems/Issues workshop:

Theme	Brief Explanation of Discussion
Relationships	This primarily focused on the relationship between
	Primary and Secondary care services; and the
	difficulty for patients to access services in either
	primary or secondary care based on where the
	patient's referral was initially made and what
	criteria is being met.
Funding	This primarily focused on the use of locums and
	the impact this has on staff morale i.e. pay
	differences; as well as the pause on project
	funding and the difference in primary and
	secondary care funding.
Recruitment & Retention	This primarily focused on the morale of staff, work
	absorption due to staff shortages and the ability to
	recruit and to retain staff. The impact of not having
	enough nurses, consultants, retirement and the
	loss of experience or significant roles e.g. MHO
	status. The inconsistency in patient/service
	delivery due to the use of locums.
Communication/ Change	This primarily focused on the need for improved
	communication between primary and secondary
	care. It also highlighted that a lot of staff are
	unaware of the governance structures of MH and
	its relevant strategies (that strategies are not
	clear). The lack of clarity about what

	programme/project work is taking place across		
	Grampian that should have Grampian-wide input.		
Resources	This primarily focused on the lack of community		
	provision which would allow patients to move on		
	from inpatient care, or that would better support		
	them in the community e.g. supported		
	accommodation, service provision (self-directed		
	support packages). It also looked at the inability to		
	better share or access information across partner		
	services to aid patients. It also highlighted the		
	increase in referrals and diagnosis in specific areas		
	e.g. autism spectrum disorder.		
Process	This primarily focused on the lack of clear process		
	mapping, clinical pathways, operational policies		
	and referring across areas.		

Themes Map



How Might We Statements

Once these problem/issues were collated they were then restructured as 'How Might We' statements. 'How Might We' statements are a way to reframe problems. As an exercise, it can bring clarity to; what action needs to be taken to address the problem; who would be impacted by the action and the effect to be realised. These 'How Might We' statements were then aligned to the appropriate Mental Health Core Standard and Summary Outcome, which could provide a way to measure the impact of addressing a particular action.

In total, 40 different actions ('How Might We statements) were identified. These actions can be viewed in a table in General Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review Appendices – Appendix N: Problem Statements/How Might We Statements. The table will show:

- The Mental Health Core Standard the action has been aligned to
- The original problem statement
- The action ('How Might We' statement)
- The theme the action falls into
- The Summary Outcome the action has been aligned to

A further workshop with stakeholders was undertaken to determine which of the 40 actions the stakeholders would consider a priority. The workshop also captured any ideas stakeholders had that could deliver the action, as well as sharing any known projects that may be underway or preparing to start, that may also deliver some of the actions.

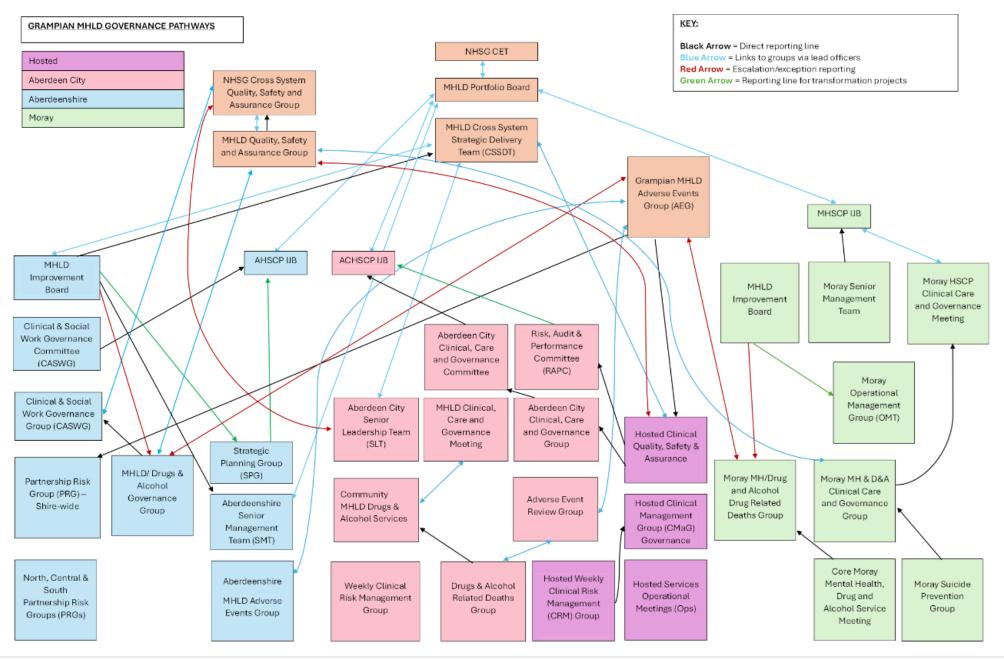
These actions have been grouped under each Mental Health Core Standard, which will form a workstream e.g. any actions aligned to the Mental Health Core Standard 'Access' will be grouped together, and this will form a workstream. Each workstream will have its own Task and Finish Working Group. These working groups will each undertake a workshop which will review all actions under that workstream and determine what changes, if any, could be undertaken to make improvements to the secondary care pathway.

Adult Mental Health Governance Mapping

Captured under the Communication/Change theme of the problem statements/'How Might We' statements is a lack of understanding of Adult Mental Health governance i.e., a lack of awareness of the pathway and a lack of knowledge of the responsibilities within the governance pathway. In short, there lacks transparency around mental health governance, as with policies and strategies, across the system.

Completion of the Service Information forms highlighted that staff are very familiar with their individual services governance pathway, although less was demonstrated around its position within the wider Adult Mental Health governance pathway, either within each Health & Social Care Partnership or across the system. Therefore, less was shared within the Service Information forms and workshops regarding where improvements to the governance pathway could be made. Of course, it would be difficult for staff to share improvement opportunities or ideas for a governance pathway that they do not know enough about.

Certainly, the risks raised by staff appeared to be that they could not contribute to changes taking place across the system, which may have a wider impact, because they are unaware of work taking place and who has the responsibility to oversee and collaborate on work that has a cross-system impact. As demonstrated in the image below the cross-system view of the governance pathway is complex. This is fully recognised within the MHLD Portfolio Board and, where possible, there is commitment to make improvements to this pathway.



Adult Mental Health Lived Experience Engagement

Lived Experience contribution to this review was undertaken in a several ways. The first was the creation of a Lived Experience Subgroup which pulled together members from third sector organisations, advocacy groups, the Grampian Public Empowerment Group, and other key roles from across the relevant Health & Social Care Partnerships and NHS Grampian.

Members of the Lived Experience Subgroup provided access to the 'In Their Words,' Royal Cornhill Hospital's Mental Health Inpatient Survey for Quarter 4 in 2023/2024. This provided to the review recently gathered feedback from individuals residing within wards at the Royal Cornhill Hospital.

Members also helped to create, or provided feedback on the development of, an AMH Lived Experience Survey which went live in January 2024. The survey was available to complete until the end of February 2024. A Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) and Privacy Notice were completed ahead of this public engagement. In total, 38 responses were received for this survey.

The primary themes arising from these Lived Experience feedback tools were:

Theme	Brief Explanation of Discussion
Staff	This primarily focused on the need for more staff
	and resources within the pathway. Individuals felt
	staff behaviours and their relationship with their
	patients could be improved upon. Training was
	also raised as an opportunity for improvement,
	particularly around co-morbidities and support for
	individuals challenged with managing multiple
	issues.
Access to Support	This primarily focused on individuals looking for
	support at the earliest opportunity, with
	suggestions that if help could have been provided
	earlier, it may have prevented an escalation in their
	mental health. Individuals felt they did not
	understand why they were not eligible for particular

	support, that there was still stigma attached to
	asking for support, and that more transparency
	was needed here. Overall, individuals felt that wait
	times for support were too long.
Service Delivery	This primarily focused on the limited access to
	mental health services in rural locations and how
	this impacted/ impacts the individual's life.
	Individuals also mentioned they would like to see
	the type of mental health services expand into
	other areas e.g. hypnotherapy, TheraPets or
	through the provision of drop-in mental health
	support.
Moving On	This primarily focused on medication; that it was all
	that was given, that it didn't work or that the
	individual had been on it for considerable time with
	no invitation to review their mental health or
	medication, extended from their GP.
Working Together	This primarily focused on the need for person
	centred care. Individuals mentioned that less focus
	on medication was needed, that longer
	appointments to talk to their GPs would be helpful,
	faster access to assessments e.g., Autism, and to
	see more multi-disciplinary working. Individuals
	wanted to be more involved and informed about
	their care, to see better communication between
	patients and staff, to see better communication
	between services and be able to express their
	emotions/feelings freely.
L	

Please note: The outcomes of the lived experience surveys have not been included, to ensure the anonymity of those that participated in this review.

Summary of Workstreams

Workstream: Access	Status of Action
Bring consistency to CMHT working, incorporating AMH, OAMH and LD, across Grampian.	Action identified as a priority as part of the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review workshops.
Improve public understanding of MH services.	Action identified as a priority as part of the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review workshops.
Expand or change how we support individuals experiencing MH distress, so their MH condition/ distress does not worsen during periods of wait.	Action identified as a priority as part of the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review workshops.
Reduce wait times to access secondary care services.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Patients have clear and easy access to necessary MH services/support, regardless of where their MH care originated.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Provide easy access, either physically or digitally, to appropriate community resources for patients who could live independently.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Understand the demand for hospital care, treatment, and rehabilitation.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Fair access to in-demand MH services, across Grampian.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as How (Medium to High Difficulty/ Medium to High Innovation)
Participate in national discussions regarding forensic pathways for females.	Forensic Services Programme Board likely to be established to support the implementation of actions outlined within the Forensic Services Review (response to the Barron Report).

Workstream: Assessment, Care Planning, Treatment And Support	Status of Action
Assess our care planning process, to incorporate likely patient escalations/ crisis.	Action identified as a priority as part of the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review workshops.
Build on existing preventative/ proactive activities to ensure MH care, and support for impacting social issues, can be provided at the earliest opportunity.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Wow (Medium to High Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Build capacity into secondary care teams, to be able to follow up with their patients in their community.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Wow (Medium to High Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Carry out MH assessment within Emergency Department, to improve patient experiences when also presenting with MH issues.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Wow (Medium to High Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Provide access to important patient information, out of hours for key decision makers.	An EPR roll out will take place this year. Data Information Governance Procedures are being explored with Caldicott Guardian
Identify the necessary maintenance and changes required to the IPCU.	Forensic Services Programme Board likely to be established to support the implementation of actions outlined within the Forensic Services Review (response to the Barron Report).
Understand the challenges regarding access to AHP for IPCU patients.	Forensic Services Programme Board likely to be established to support the implementation of actions outlined within the Forensic Services Review (response to the Barron Report).

Workstream: Moving Between And Out Of Services	Status of Action
Ensure patients are only discharged because they are ready, they have met their milestones and because an appropriate community care plan is in place.	Action identified as a priority as part of the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review workshops.
Discover what issues are arising in relation to the duty doctor system.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Improve the process, for assessing patients at acute sites.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Wow (Medium to High Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Identify patients impacted by delayed discharge, and the challenges relating to their discharge.	Optimising Patient Flow Program crosses whole Grampian system, acute, community, mental health, and other public services all members
Understand the challenges regarding IPCU interface with AMH.	Forensic Services Programme Board likely to be established to support the implementation of actions outlined within the Forensic Services Review (response to the Barron Report).
Understand the challenges regarding the transfer of IPCU patients out of area	Forensic Services Programme Board likely to be established to support the implementation of actions outlined within the Forensic Services Review (response to the Barron Report).
Improve the process, together with [transportation services], for transporting patients to RCH for assessment/ admission.	This action is currently included as a commitment in Finance Planning and could be actioned under this workstream.

Workstream: Governance and Accountability	Status of Action
Make better preparations, when forecasting suggests impending issues or a significant increase in MH diagnoses and any related co-morbidities impacting patients.	Action identified as a priority as part of the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review workshops.
Explore alternative models of practice.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Wow (Medium to High Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Identify processes or activities, which require Grampian- wide alignment, to ensure patient experiences are consistent.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Determine a suitable process, which would allow for primary/secondary care, to refer to third sector organisations.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Review MH strategies, which outline the current situation for MH services and what needs to be done to deliver improvements to these services.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Improve the documentation of clinical pathways.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Clarify the governance structures across Grampian.	This action is a responsibility of the Cross System Strategic Delivery Team.
Implement a consistent discharge process that is visible and clear to all staff.	The AMH Modernisation (Hosted) was created to address this challenge and was implemented as of November 2023. There is a cross Grampian Mental Health Discharge Planning and Improvement Group who meet monthly and report into the Optimising Patient Flow Program (Government Strategic Program)

Workstream: Workforce	Status of Action
Moving between our in-house MH training opportunities to support continuous learning in the workplace.	Action identified as a priority as part of the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review workshops.
Safeguard time within MH clinical roles, to ensure that any teaching requirements they have, can be met appropriately and without risk to patient care.	Action identified as a priority as part of the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review workshops.
Minimise the use of, or more effectively make use of, locum medical support to ease the funding pressure.	Action identified as a priority as part of the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review workshops.
Improve relationships and communication between fellow secondary care services/ teams and primary care.	Action identified as a priority as part of the Adult Mental Health Secondary Care Pathway Review workshops.
Build interest in, or develop our MH vocations, to develop a quality recruitment pool, on which to build the MH workforce.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Provide quality support and care to staff, to ensure they feel heard and valued.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)
Induct locum consultants, to geographical areas they are unfamiliar with, to help build strong peer relationships and maintain a high standard of patient care.	Applying the How, Wow, Now Matrix the following action was identified as Now (Low to Medium Difficulty/ Low to Medium Innovation)

Evaluation

Several key themes emerged from this review, in addition to how work is prioritised by the MHLD Portfolio Board, and any actions to address these themes will be delivered in the context of other local and national strategies/initiatives and resource constraints.

This is first pathway review that has taken place within MHLD and there will be learning to capture as part of delivering this review. There is commitment to do this, and to use this opportunity to develop best practice, which could help inform any future pathway reviews.